

FFAG-TRIUMF 2004

FFAG Project

Practical Design

- Objects
 - Proton Driver
 - Electron Driver
 - Cancer Therapy
 - Muon Acceleration

Proton Driver

- Energy 1GeV
- Beam Current 1mA
- Repetition 1kHz(25Hz)

Proton Cancer Therapy

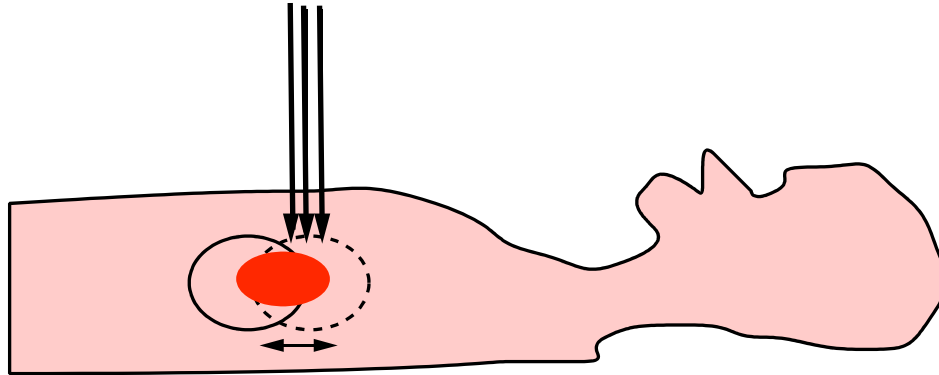
- Machine so far; Synchrotron, Cyclotron
- In order to make it more public,
We need,
 - more beam
 - more compact size
 - less maintenance ability
 - less expensive cost

Beam Intensity

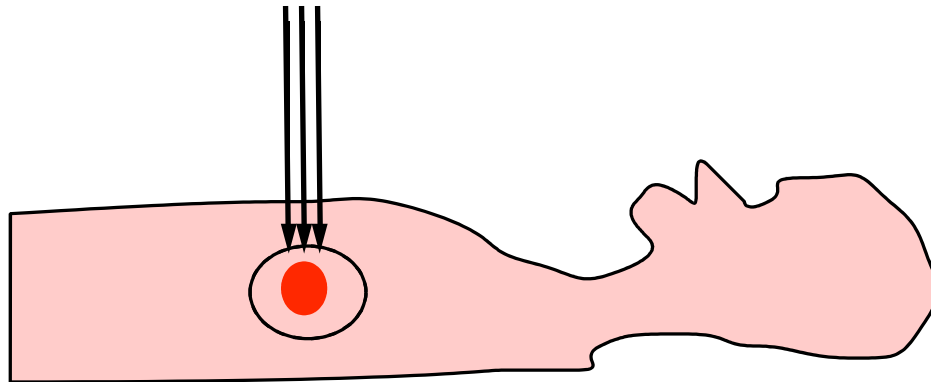
- Dose Rate(required); 5 Gy/min(250MeV)
- Duty Factor; 0.3 (respiration synchronization)

呼吸性移動を伴う臓器への照射

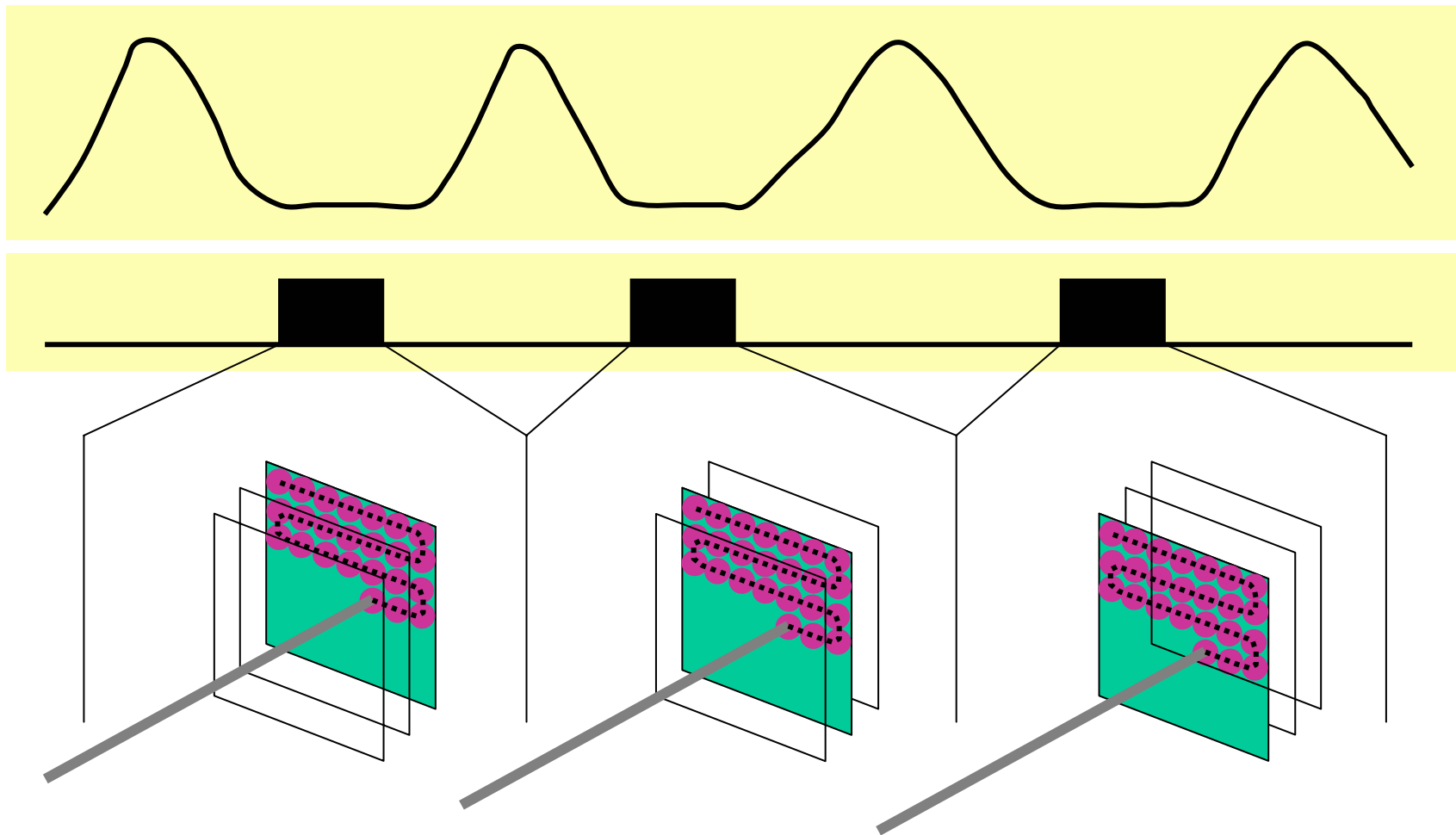
動きにより照射範囲が広がる



短いゲート内に必要線量の照射ができれば照射範囲が限定できる



呼吸同期に対応するスキューニング照射



Beam Current

5Gy/min. & synchronize to respiration

• 0.1 Gy = 10^{11} protons (250eV)

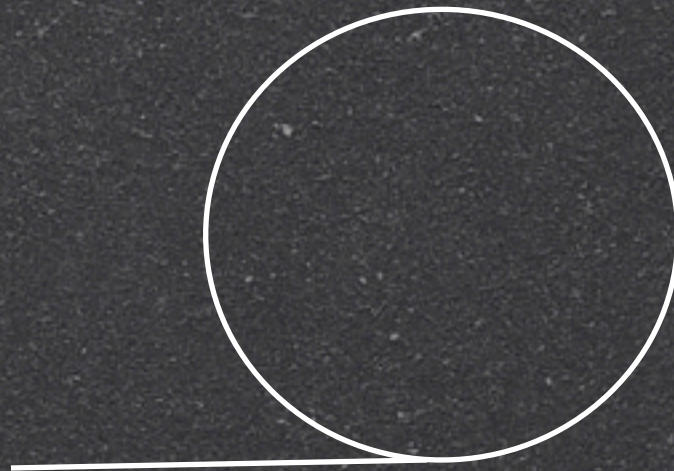
$$N_p = \frac{5}{60} \times \frac{10^{11}}{0.1} \times \frac{1}{0.3} = 2.8 \times 10^{11} \text{ protons / sec}$$
$$= 44.5 \text{ nA}$$

Space Charge Limit

- Synchrotron; Injection Energy $\sim 7\text{MeV}$
- Space Charge Limit $\sim 4 \times 10^{11}$ ppp

10 times less!

Synchrotron is
not enough.



Radiation hazard

Cyclotron : no problem for beam intensity,
however

- Hands on Maintenance; Golden Rule

Beam Loss $< 1\text{w/m}$ ($E_p > 100\text{MeV}$)

Beam Power $\sim 11\text{ W}$

Beam Extraction Efficiency $> 90\%$

---> Hard for Compact Cyclotron

Summary of proton therapy machine

• Synchrotron

Beam Intensity is not enough
(respiration mode)

• Cyclotron





Radiation Problem

FFAG Project Office

at KEK (conceptual)

Task

Fundamental Studies and Applications of
FFAG

-  Proton Driver
-  Electron Driver
-  Cancer Therapy
-  Muon Acceleration

